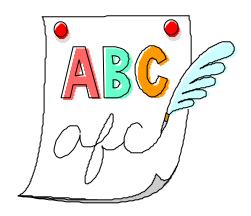
《英語》 基本文一覧表



name

基本文一覧表

_	
24	BII
-	נים

1 名詞の複数形

(1)規則変化

分類	説明	例単語	自分で作ってみよう
	【 ほとんどが	book- books	
- S	これ!!】	pen —pens	
		shop —shops	
		song —songs	
	語尾がs,x,c	bus —buses	
-es	h,shの単語	box —boxes	
		potato -potatoes	
		church — churches	
		dish —dishes	
	語尾が「子	baby —babies	
-ies	音字+ yなら、	city —cities	
	yをiに変えて	lady —ladies	
	esをつける」	story —stories	
	語尾がf,feな	life — lives	
-ves	ら、vesにす		
	る		

(2)不規則変化・・・・ごれは覚える

例	自分で探してみよう
man —men woman —women foot —feet	
child —children	
fish —fish	

2 人称代名詞の格変化・・・知識として必ず覚えよう!

	単数	7 (一人)		
人称 格	主格	所有格	目的格	所有代名詞
	~は、~が	~ O	~を、~に	~ のもの
1人称(私)	I	m y	m e	m ine
2人称(あなた)	you	your	you	yours
3人称(彼)	he	his	h i m	his
(彼女)	she	her	her	hers
(そ れ)	it	its	進	
(人名)	Tom	Tom's	Tom	Tom 's

		数 (二人以上人)		
人称 格	主格	所有格	目的格	所有代名詞
	~は、~が	~ O	~を、~に	~ のもの
1人称(私たち)	we	our	us	ours
2人称(あなたたち)	you	your	you	yours
3人称(彼ら)				
(彼女ら)	they	their	them	theirs
(2 16)				
(犬たち)	dogs	dogs'	dogs	dogs'

3 主格の使われ方 (人称代名詞)

例文	訳してみよう
I am a student.	
We are students.	
You are a student too.	
Emily is an English teacher She is Australin.	
Tom is also an English teacher.	
He is also Australian.	
They are both Australian .	
Yoko and Tomoko, you are special guests today.	
Who is that? He is Jim.	

4 所有格の使われ方 (人称代名詞)

例文	訳してみよう
This is my bag. That is your bag.	
Mr. Smith is our English teacher.	
Yoko and Tomoko, is Ms.Green your English teacher? - Yes, she is.	
Is that Tom's sister? - No .She is his mother.	
Is that Emily's father? No. He is her brother.	
Is it Mr. and Mrs. Suzuki's baby? - Yes. It is their baby.	

5 目的格の使われ方 (人称代名詞)

例文	訳してみよう
Mary, I love you Do you love me?	
I'm going to the concert with Mary.	
Would you like to join us?	
I saw John yesterday I saw him yesterday too .	
Do you know Mrs. White?	
- Yes ,I know her very well.	
I'll have two guests from China tomorrow.	
Would you like to meet them?	
Do you know the book Botchan?	
- Yes ,I have read it once.	

6 所有代名詞の使われ方 (人称代名詞)

例文	訳してみよう
That is Yukio's book and this is mine.	
This is my room and that is yours.	
This house is Mr. and Mrs. White's.	
Is that yours, Mr. and Mrs. Green?	
This red book is hers and this blue book is his.	
These books are theirs.	
The baby in this picture is ours.	

7 現在時制 **be動詞の使われ方**】

例文	訳 してみよう
I am happy. You are happy. We are happy •	
Keiko is happy. Takeshi is happy. They are happy.	
Are you happy? - Yes, I am. /No, I'm not.	
Are you all happy? —Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.	
Is Makoto angry?—Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.	
I am not young. You are not young.	
We are not young.	
This is my mother. That is my father.	
Is the book interesting? —Yes, it is. / No, it isn't.	

8 現在時制 【一般動詞の使われ方】

例文	訳してみよう
I like sports. Ken likes music.	
We sometimes play computer games.	
Tomoko likes volleyball. Kenji likes basketball.	
They like sports.	
Do you like music ? Yes, I do. / No, I don't.	
Does Ken like fruit? - Yes, he does.	
No, he doesn't.	
Do the people eat fish? Yes, they do.	
No, they don't.	
I don't like fish. Ken doesn't like fish, either .	

9 過去時制

(1) **be動詞の使われ方** 7の現在時制 **be動詞の使われ方** を参照

例文	訳してみよう
I was happy. You were happy. Meg was happy. We were all happy.	
Were they happy? They were not happy.	

(2) 【一般動詞の使われ方】

8の現在時制と対比

訳してみよう

10 未来時制

(1)be going to doの使われ方

例文	訳してみよう
I am going to play soccer this afternoon.	
Are you going to visit your uncle tomorrow? —Yes ,I am.	

(2) willの使われ方

(=)	
例文	訳してみよう
I will call you tomorrow.	
Will you be at home tomorrow?	
Ken will come here tomorrow.	
He will stay with us all day.	
Will Yoshio come to the party?	
—Yes, he will. / No, he won't.	

11 進行形

(1)現在進行形の使われ方

例文	訳してみよう
I am studying now.	
Are you writing a letter? —No, I'm not.	
Keiko isn't sleeping. She is doing her homework.	

(2)過去進行形

例文	訳してみよう
I was studying then .	
Were you writing a letter?	
—Yes, I was.	
Ken wasn't sleeping. He was reading a book.	

12 助動詞の使われ方

(1)能力・可能 ~ できる

例文	訳してみよう
I can swim well.	
Can you swim?	
Mary can't swim.	

(2)依頼 ~してくれますか。

例文	訳してみよう
Can you write your name here? - Sure.	
Will you open the door? — OK.	

(3)許可 ~してもいいですか。

例文	訳してみよう
Can I borrow your pen? Sure.	
May I come in ? - Yes, you may.	

(4)義務・必要 ~ しなければならない

例文	訳してみよう
I must leave now.	
You must stay here.	
Tom must stay here too.	
Must I come here tomorrow ?	
- Yes, you must. / No, you don't have to.	
You have to start now.	
You don't have to start now.	

(5) 禁止 ~してはいけない。

例文	訳してみよう
You mustn't go into the room.	

(6) 提案 ~ しましょうか。

例文	訳してみよう
Shall I carry your bag ? - Yes, please.	

13 疑問詞による疑問文

(1)何

(1)19	
例文	訳してみよう
What's this ? - It's an egg.	
(2)だれ	
例文	訳してみよう
Who is that girl ? - She is my sister Emily.	
(3)どこ	
例文	訳してみよう
Where does he live ? - He lives in Nara.	
(4)いつ	
例文	訳してみよう
When is your birthday ? - It's November 4th.	
(5)なぜ	
例文	訳してみよう
Why are you crying ?	
- Because my father is very sick.	
(6)どちら	
例文	訳してみよう
Which is your book? —The one on the right.	
(7)どのように	
例文	訳してみよう
How can I go to the station?	
— You can go there by bus.	
(8)だれの	
例文	訳してみよう
Whose car is that? It's my mother's.	
(9)何時 時刻	·
例文	訳してみよう
What time is it now ? - It's seven thirty.	
(10)何曜日	
例文	訳してみよう
What day is it today? It's Friday.	
(11)何日	
例文	訳してみよう
L	+

What date is it today ? - It's 16th.	
(12)いくつ・何個	_
例文	訳してみよう
How many brothers do you have? - Just one.	
例文	訳してみよう
How much is this book? - It's 2,000 yen.	
例文	訳してみよう
How old is your grandmother? - She is eighty two	
years old.	
(15)何回・どのくらい 頻繁に	
例文	訳してみよう
How often do you visit your uncle?	
- Just once a month.	

14 形容詞 副詞の比較変化

(1)規則変化

分類	説明	例 原級一比較級一最上級)	自分で作ってみよう
	ほ とんどがこ	tall - taler - talest	
-er	れ!!】	fast - faster - fastest	
-est			
	語尾がeのと	arge - larger - largest	
- r	き	late - later - latest	
-st			
	語尾が 短母	big - bigger - biggest	
子音字+e	音 + 子音字な	hot - hotter - hottest	
r	ら、子音字を	sad - sadder - saddest	
子音字+e	重ねる		
st			
	語尾子音字 +	easy - easier - easiest	
-ier	yなら、yをiに	happy - happier - happiest	

	変えてer,est	angry - angrier - angriest
-iest	をつける	
more	つづりの長い	beautiful
most	語は、前にmo	- more beautiful
	re,mostをつけ	- most beautiful
	る。形容詞・	
	副詞は変化し	slowly
	ない	- more slowly
		- most slowly

(2)不規則変化

例	単語を日本語にしてみよう
good - better - best	
well - better - best	
many - more - most	
much - more - most	
little - less - least	
bad - worse - worst	
ill - worse - worst	

15 比敷の文の使われ方

(1)同等比較

例文	訳してみよう
My mother is as old as my father.	
This train runs as fast as that train.	

(2)比較級

例文	訳してみよう
My brother is taller than my father.	
The Hikari runs faster than the Kodama.	
This dress is more beautiful than that one.	
The Kodama runs more slowly than the Hikari.	
Which do you like better, red or blue? - I like red better.	

I like English better than math.	
(3)最上級	
例文	訳してみよう
Mt. Fuji is the highest mountain in Japan.	
He is the most famous person in this town.	
The Nozomi runs the fastest.	
I like English the best.	
16 不定詞 動名詞	
(1)名詞用法	
例文	訳してみよう
I want to keep a dog.	
We plan to go to Kobe next summer.	
(2)副詞用法	
例文	訳してみよう
We go to school to study.	
She stopped to tell me good-bye.	
(3)形容詞用法	
例文	訳してみよう
Give me something to eat.	
I have nothing to do today.	
(4)動名詞	
例文	訳してみよう
I enjoyed watching the game on TV last night.	
I finished writing the letter to her.	

It started raining.	
(1)継続	
例文	 訳してみよう
I have known Megumi since 1985.	
How long have you lived in this town?	
- I've lived here for ten years.	
(2)経験	
例文	訳してみよう
I have visited Kinkaku-ji twice.	
Have you ever read War and Peace ? Yes, I have.	
Have you ever been to Hiroshima?	
- Yes, I've been there once.	
No, I've never been there.	
How many times have you been to Korea?	
- I've been there ten times.	
(3)完了 結果	
例文	訳してみよう
I have just finished my homework.	
Have you cleaned your room yet?	
Yes, I have already cleaned it.	
No, I haven't cleaned it yet.	
18 受動態 (1) 現在	
\ ' / ~/u\I_	

例文	訳してみよう
English is spoken all over the world.	
Are Japanese cars used all over the world? - Yes, they are.	
The language is not used now.	
(2) 過去	
例文	訳してみよう
Osaka Castle was built by Toyotomi Hideyoshi in 1583.	
Was America discovered by Columbus? - No, it wasn't. It was discovered by American Indians.	
19 名詞を後ろから説明する表現 (1)現在分詞の形容詞用法	
例文	訳してみよう
Look at the man running around the park.	
The woman standing beside the tree is my sister.	
例文	訳してみよう
My uncle has a car made in Germany.	
Cars made in Japan are popular all over the world.	
(3)接触節	•
例文	訳してみよう

These are pictures she took at the party.	
Is that the man you met at the station yesterday?	

20 関係代名詞

(1) 主格

例文	訳してみよう
A doctor is a person who takes care of sick people.	
The people who live in the house are Americans.	
Did you read the letter which came yesterday?	
The letter which came yesterday was from my aunt.	

(2) 目的格

(=) H#31H	'
例文	訳してみよう
I know the man (that) you saw at the station	
yesterday.	
The lady (that) we met at the station was very kind.	
Do you have any books (which [that])Soseki wrote?	
The bike (which [that]) bought was old.	
	+

21 文をつなぐ接続詞

(1)~のとき

例文	訳してみよう
I was reading the newspaper when you gave me a call.	
When I was a boy, I lived in Germany.	
,	
(2)もし~なら	
例文	訳してみよう
We'll go shopping if it is fine tomorrow.	
If I go to bed so late, I can't get up at six in the	
morning.	
	,
23 Iの特別用法 (それはと訳さない)	
(1) 時間	
例文	訳してみよう
What time is it now?—It's six thirty.	
(2) 天候	
例文	訳してみよう
It's fine today. It snowed yesterday.	
(3) 気温	
例文	訳してみよう
It gets very cold here in winter. It is hot today.	
(4) 曜日	•
例文	訳してみよう
It's Sunday today.	
	-

(5) 距離

	例文	訳してみよう
1	ا کرنزا	かし といる フ

It's only six hundred meters from my house to our	
school.	
(6) 状況	
例文	訳してみよう
Now, it's your turn, Tomoko.	
(7)仮主語	
例文	訳してみよう
It's important to read books.	
It's difficult for me to read English books.	
23 付加疑問文	
(1)be動詞	
例文	訳してみよう
You are students, aren't you ?	
You are not students, are you ?	
例文	訳してみよう
He likes baseball, doesn't he?	
He doesn't like baseball, does he?	
You bought the CD, didn't you ?	
(3)助動詞	
例文	訳してみよう
We can't see love, can we?	
例文	訳してみよう
Ms. Sasaki is loved by everybody, isn't she?	
(5)現在完了	-
例文	訳してみよう

They have just arrived, haven't they?	

24命 令 文

(1)一般動詞

例文	訳してみよう
Close the door, please. Don't open it again.	

(2)be動詞

例文	訳してみよう
Be careful, please.	
Don't be late.	

25 文型 ゆる必要なし!やりたい人はやって なさい。 】

(1)S (主語)+ 動詞)

例文	訳してみよう
Birds sing.	
I can swim.	
The old woman lives in a big house.	
Our English teacher speaks very slowly.	

(2)S (主語)+ 動詞)+C (補語)

例文	訳してみよう
I am a student.	
I am young.	
She is my sister.	
She looks happy.	

(3)S (主語)+ 動詞)+0 (目的語)

例文	訳してみよう
I like Japanese food.	
They like Chinese food.	
Tom took the pictures at the party.	

(4)S (主語)+ 動詞)+0 目的語:人)+0 目的語物事柄)

例文	訳してみよう
----	--------

Santa Claus gives us something good.	
Mary showed me her pictures.	
I will send you a wonderful book.	
例文	訳してみよう
You may ca11 me Yuki.	
The news made him sad.	

26 その他

I found the book very interesting.

(1)There is ~ There are ~ There was ~ There were ~

例文	訳してみよう
There is only one chair in the room.	
There is someone at the door.	
Is there anyone in the room? - I don't know.	
There are many trees in my garden.	
Are there any trees in your garden?	
- Yes, there are.	
How many desks were there in the room?	
There were only two.	

(2)S+V+how to doなど

例文	訳してみよう
I don't know how to use this type of computer.	
Do you know how to use the computer, Keiko?	
- No, I don't.	
Mary did not know what to say at the time.	
No one knew when to leave.	
(3)S+V+O+how to doなど	
例文	訳してみよう
My father taught me how to drive.	
Can you show me how to use this machine ? - Sure.	
I showed the lady how to get to the station.	
The book told him how to do.	
(4)S + V + O + to do	
例文	訳してみよう
Yuko asked me to go to the party with her.	
I asked my brother to help me with my homework.	
Tom's parents told him to visit his uncle's.	
Our teacher told us to do the homework in a few days.	
auy o.	

例文	訳してみよう
Do you know where he lives? - Yes, I do.	
No one knew when they started.	
We didn't know how old the woman was.	
例文	訳してみよう
Please tell me when I can visit you at your house.	
(7)S+V+O (=that節)	
例文	訳してみよう
I think (that) he is kind.	
I know (that) he is kind.	
Do you think (that) Mary is at home ?No, I don't.	
No, 1 doire.	
Did anyone know (that)Tetsuya would move to Aomori ?	